Grammar Homework: Narrative Tenses and Adverbs

Topics: Narrative Tenses, Past Perfect Continuous, So/Such...That, Adverb Positioning

Part A: Past Perfect Continuous (Questions 1-12)
1. She for three hours when the rain finally stopped a had been walking
b) has been walking c) was walking d) walked
2. How long before you decided to quit? a) you had been working b) had you been working c) you have been working d) did you work
3. They all morning, so they were exhausted. had been studying b) have been studying c) were studying d) studied
4. The ground was wet because it all night. had been raining b) has been raining c) was raining d) rained
5. I could smell smoke because someone in the next room. had been smoking b) has been smoking c) was smoking d) smoked
6. Her eyes were red. Shefor hours. had been crying b) has been crying c) was crying d) cried
7. Wefor the bus for twenty minutes when it finally arrived. had been waiting b) have been waiting c) were waiting d) waited

8. The children were dirty because they in the garden. had been playing b) have been playing
c) were playing
d) played
9long before the accident happened? a) Had he been driving
(b) Has he been driving
c) Was he driving
d) Did he drive
10. She was tired because she all day. a) had been working
b) has been working
c) was working
d) worked
11. The phone for ten minutes before I answered it had been ringing
b) has been ringing
c) was ringing
d) rang
12. They for months before they found the perfect house had been looking
b) have been looking
c) were looking
d) looked
Part B: Narrative Tenses Mixed (Questions 13-25) 13. When I arrived, she dinner for two hours. a) cooked (b) was cooking (c) had been seeking
13. When I arrived, she dinner for two hours. a) cooked b) was cooking c) had been cooking
13. When I arrived, she dinner for two hours. a) cooked (b) was cooking
13. When I arrived, she dinner for two hours. a) cooked (b) was cooking c) had been cooking d) has been cooking
13. When I arrived, she dinner for two hours. a) cooked (b) was cooking c) had been cooking d) has been cooking 14. He the book before the movie came out. a) read
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d)

16. She her homework when her friends called (a) finished b) was finishing c) had finished d) has finished
17. After he the letter, he felt much better. a) wrote b) was writing had written d) has written
18. I my keys everywhere before I found them in my pocket. a) looke b) was looking c) had looked d) had been looking
19. The train by the time we reached the station. a) left b) was leaving c) had left d) has left
20. She for her exam when the phone rang. a) studied b) was studying c) had studied d) has studied
21. Before moving to Paris, he French for five years. a) learned b) was learning had learned d) had been learning
22. The movie when we finally arrived at the cinema. a) started b) was starting (a) had started d) has started
23. I three cups of coffee before noon yesterday. (a) drank b) was drinking c) had drunk d) have drunk

24. She	in the garden when it started to rain worked
b) was working	
c) had worked	
d) has worked	
	, they for three hours. a) traveled
b) were traveling	
c) had traveled	
(d) had been tra	veling
Doct C: So/S	uchThat Constructions (Questions 26-37)
26. It was	hot day that we stayed inside. a) so
b) such	
(c) such a	
d) so a	
27. She spoke	quietly that I couldn't hear her a so
b) such	
c) such a	
d) so a	
	to to the second
	tired that they fell asleep immediately(a) so
b) such	
c) such a	
d) so a	
29. It was	difficult question that nobody could answer it. a) so
b) such	
(g) such a	
d) so a	
20 Haddings	fast that it's dangerous (a) so
b) such	
c) such a	
d) so a	
31. They have _	beautiful garden that everyone admires it. a) so
(B) such	
c) such a	
d) so a	

32. The music was loud that the neighbors complained@so
D) SUCI
c) such a
d) so a
33. She's good teacher that all students love her classes. a) so
b) such
@such a
d) so a
34. The weather was terrible that we canceled the picnic so
b) such
c) such a
d) so a
35. He has many books that he needs more shelves. a) so
(b) such
c) such a
d) so a
36. It was interesting film that we watched it twice. a) so
b) such
©such an
d) so an
37. She works hard that she rarely takes breaks a so
b) such
c) such a
d) so a
Part D: Position of Adverts and Advertical Discours
Part D: Position of Adverbs and Adverbial Phrases (Questions 38-50)

- 38. Choose the sentence with correct adverb placement: a) He speaks always English at work.
- (b) He always speaks English at work.
- c) He speaks English always at work.
- d) Always he speaks English at work.
- 39. Where should "carefully" be placed in: "She the vase lifted" She carefully the vase lifted.
- (b) She the vase carefully lifted.

c) She the vase lifted carefully.
c) She the vase lifted. d) Carefully she the vase lifted. 40. Choose the correct placement for "probably": a) He probably will come to the party.
40. Choose the correct places B) He will probably come to the party. B) He will probably to the party.
He will probably come party. c) He will come probably to the party probably.
c) He will come probably. d) He will come to the party probably. It can "in the morning" (a) In the morning, she exercises regularly.
d) He will come to the regularity.
c) He will come probably. d) He will come to the party probably. 41. Which sentence correctly places "in the morning" (a) In the morning, she exercises regularly.
she exercises in the morning
d) She exercises regularly in the morning. She often goes quietly upstairs.
d) She exercises regularly in the morning. d) She exercises regularly in the morning. 42. Choose the sentence with correct adverb order (a) She often goes quietly upstairs.
42. Choose the sentence with a
b) She goes often quietly upstairs.
c) She goes quietly often upstairs.
d) Often she goes quietly upstairs.
d) Often she goes quietly upstairs. 43. Where should "never" be placed in: "I have seen such a thing"? a) Never I have seen such a thing.
b) I never have seen such a ching.
l have never seen such a thing.
d) I have seen never such a thing.
44. Choose the correct placement for "quickly": a) Quickly he ran to the store.
b) He quickly ran to the store.
c) He ran quickly to the store.
d) All of the above are correct.
45. Which sentence correctly places "definitely"? a) I definitely will help you tomorrow.
(b) I will definitely help you tomorrow.
c) I will help definitely you tomorrow.
d) Both a and b are correct.
46. Choose the sentence with correct placement of "at midnight": (a) At midnight the phone rang
loudly.
b) The phone at midnight rang loudly.
c) The phone rang at midnight loudly.
(d) The phone rang loudly at midnight.
47. Where should "usually" be placed in: "She is late for work"? a) Usually she is late for work.
(b) She usually is late for work.

- c) She is usually late for work.
- d) All of the above are correct.
- 48. Choose the correct adverb placement: a) He plays well always tennis.
- (b) He always plays tennis well.
 - c) He plays always tennis well.
 - d) Always he plays tennis well.
- 49. Which sentence correctly places "in the library" (a) In the library, she studies quietly every day.
- b) She in the library studies quietly every day.
- c) She studies in the library quietly every day.
- d) Both a and c are correct.
- **50.** Choose the sentence with correct placement of multiple adverbs: a) She speaks always English fluently at work.
- She always speaks English fluently at work.
- c) She speaks English always fluently at work.
- d) She speaks fluently English always at work.

Instructions for Students:

- · Complete all 50 questions
- · Choose the best answer for each question
- Review narrative tenses, focusing on past perfect continuous usage
- Pay attention to the difference between "so" and "such" constructions
- Consider natural adverb and adverbial phrase positioning in English sentences