Welcome Everyone ©

IMPORTANT NOTE!!

Quantifiers	Usage	Examples
Any: Questions & negatives	We use 'any' with countable plural nouns or uncountable nouns and often with "if"	Do you have any money ?Have you seen any good movies lately?If they need any help, tell them to call me.
Some: Offers , Requests, & positive	We use 'some' when we don't care about the quantity or the amount.	 He has some interesting stories. Would you like some soda? Can I have some water?

LET'S TRY THIS

Sc	me/	any

- Can I borrow _____ money.
- Is there _____ gas in the car?
- Can I have _____cake?

much / many

- Do they have _____children?
 Do you have ____homework?
- We don't need _____ eggs. Just half a dozen.
 - Is there _____ traffic in your town?
 - I don't know _____students in this class.
 - How _____ time do you have ?

A little/ a few / a lot of

- I have very close friends. Two or three
- He has money. He's a billionaire.
- "Do you take sugar in your coffee? "Just ."
- I'll be ready in minutes.
- She speaks good Spanish, but only French.

IN GROUPS :ANSWER MORE EXERCISES (SOME/ANY/MUCH / MANY/(A) LITTLE/ (A) FEW / A LOT OF)

- I.There aren't __ biscuits in the packet, we will have to buy another one.
- 2.We've got __ time before the plane leaves about fifteen minutes.
- 3._____of my students remember the third person singular 's' ending on verbs, I always have to remind them.
- 4. He always gets __ presents than his sister on his birthday.
- 5.I have __ money that you can borrow.
- 6.There are __ people in the supermarket today, I can't seem to find a place to walk.
- 7. She has __ friends, she is so popular.
- 8. He earns __ money from his new job.
- 9. They have very __ information on their website, they should add more.
- I 0. There's only __ milk left in the fridge.

LET'S CREATE AS MANY PAIRS USING THESE WORDS

- Some
- Every
- Any
- No

- Thing
- One
- Body
- Where

USE YOUR PAIRED WORDS TO FINISH EACH QUESTION OR SENTENCE: (SOMEONE- SOMETHING- SOMEBODY-SOMEWHERE- ANYWHERE- ANYBODY- ANYONE- ANYTHING – EVERYBODY- EVERYWHERE- EVERYTHING-EVERYONE – NOBODY- NO WHERE – NO ONE)

• 1. Did you meet	nice at the party!		
"Yes. I metwho knows you !"			
2."Ouch! There's	in my eye!"		
"Let me look. No, I can't see	,,, 		
■ 3."Let's go	hot for our vacation."		
"But we can't go	that's too expensive"		
4."Where are my glasses? I can't find them"			
"What's on the top of your head?"			
5. It was a great party loved it."			
"They did wanted to go home."			
• 6." Did you get	nice at the sale?"		



Hey Sarah! Are you going?			
Yes I am. The has a sale going on right now.			
Oh really? How did you come to know about it?			
I saw an newspaper.			
Are there any good?			
Yes! There's a big discount on almost			
Can I join you Sarah?			
Sure! You're welcome.			
Good morning! I would like to haveeggs please			
Good morning,else ma'am?			
Yes,of milk and a cheese slices.			
Will that be all?			
No. I also wantof condensed milk.			
Sure. That will be 12 dollars.			

Is there I can help you with?			
Yes, am looking for spaghetti?			
It's in right next to the store's main entry door.			
Thank you. I will check there.			
Welcome. Do you need help with else?			
No, thanks I am still browsing.			
Excuse me.			
I bought thisnoodles yesterday but it's the wrong flavor. I don't want it. Can you return it please?			
Sure.You'll need to show the			
Yes, I've got the receipt. Here it is.			
Thanks, you also boughtother stuff.			
Yes, but I just want to return the noodles.			
No problems, here's your money.			

LET'S DISCUSS

- What do you usually buy as a gift for a friend?
- What was the last birthday present you got?
- Where do you usually some of your gifts?
- What can you buy at a supermarket?

Supermarkets

A supermarket is a large, mainly self-service retail store selling food and other household goods. This was originally an American idea that was introduced into Britain after the Second World War at the end of the 1950's. The biggest outlets are Tesco, Sainsbury, Morrisons and Asda.

The Co-Operative, Aldi and Lidl are also large retailers. There is a lot of competition between stores to encourage customers to keep coming back. To encourage loyalty, they offer loyalty cards. With each visit points are added to the customer's account, and when a certain number of points have been collected, rewards are given. They may take the form of money vouchers to spend in the shop or reduced prices off certain items in the store. These cannot be used in the other supermarkets.

At the entrance to the supermarket there are hand held baskets or trolley baskets on wheels. If a lot of shopping is required, it is easier to put it in the trolley and push it along. Usually the first display in the shop is the fruit and vegetable produce. Not far from the entrance is a separate counter that sells tobacco, cigarettes and cigars. An assistant will serve you at this counter. Near-by newspapers and magazines are displayed. There is a service point space where customers with problems regarding purchases can get refunds.

To aid customers to find the goods they need the aisles are numbered. Also large signs hang overhead to tell the shopper where items can be found. Originally supermarkets traded in edible goods. They could buy these in large quantities, and so sell them at a cheaper price than small local shops that did not have the space to buy in bulk.

As well as fresh foods that are displayed unwrapped, for example, cheese, fish and cuts of meat, food is sold in sealed packs. There is important information on the outside of the wrapping. It gives lists of the contents, food values and allergy advice. Sell by and consume by dates are also on packets and tins.

Supermarkets sell products from factories with famous brand names but they also sell similar items under the store name. Often the Tesco or Sainsbury brand is cheaper than Heinz or Kenco brand. The displays on the shelf units are cleverly set out to direct the eyes towards the product that the store hopes you will buy.

In a store, goods are sold fresh, frozen, in tins, jars and packets, while drinks are in bottles and boxes. In a large shop customers can also buy electrical goods, kitchen goods, soft furnishings and pharmacy products. After collecting everything the customers pays at one of the numerous checkouts.

QUESTIONS!!

- I) When did supermarkets first open in Britain?
 - A) It was 20 years ago.
 - B) They opened in the 1950's.
 - C) It was after the 1st World War.
 - D) They opened 40 years ago.
- 2) Why do stores give loyalty cards?
 - A) It is instead of a credit card.
 - B) They are identity cards.
 - C) To encourage return visits to a chosen chain.
 - D) So you can get to the front of the queue at the check-out.
- 3) Why are aisles numbered?
 - A)So you can find the exit.
 - B) So you do not get lost.
 - C) It is a way of telling you how big the store is.
 - D) Aisles are numbered to make it easier to find products.

- 4) What do customers take at the entrance, if they need a lot of shopping?
 - A) trolley basket on wheels.
 - B) A wheel-barrow.
 - C) A customer will take a skate-board.
 - D) A hand-held basket.
- 5) What information on a product tells you how fresh it is?
 - A)The color of the wrapping.
 - B) The nutrition information.
 - C) The sell-by date.
 - D) The allergy information.

Let's Match

- a bar of
- a piece of
- a loaf of
- a slice of
- a packet/pack of
- a bunch of
- a box of
- a jar of
- a carton of/a gallon of
- a pot of
- a bottle of
- a can of
- a tin of
- a pound of
- a bag of
- a pair of

Match the words to the correct quantifier

juice, milk, eggs

soup, tomatoes

biscuits, noodles, rice

jam, olives, honey

flowers, bananas

Sunglasses/socks

water

cola

bread

matches

Chocolate/ gum/ paper

cake, cheese

yoghurt

Crisps

Chicken/ meat

Answers

- a bar of chocolate
- a loaf of bread
- a slice of cake, cheese, meat
- a packet of biscuits, noodles, rice
- a bunch of flowers, bananas
- a box of matches
- a jar of jam, olives
- a carton of juice, milk, eggs
- a pot of yoghurt
- a bottle of water
- a can of cola
- a tin of soup, tomatoes
- a bag of crisps

A BOWL OF NOODLES - CAN OF COLA -LOAF OF BREAD — BAG OF CHIPS- SLICE OF CAKE- PIECE OF FURNITURE - BUNCH OF FLOWERS- CAN OF TUNA

•	I. I like sweet things so I always have awith my tea.
٠	2 We gave my mother a for her birthday.
•	3 If we want to make sandwiches, we need a
٠	4 A chair is a
٠	5 I'm so thirsty. Could you get me aplease?
•	6. When you go to the store buy a
•	7. The cat is hungry just open a
	8. My favorite snack is a , I like them hot.

CHOOSE A PICTURE AND CREATE A STORY WITH YOUR GROUP USE YOUR QUANTIFIERS









EXAMPLE STORY: JOHN'S BIRTHDAY PARTY

- Today is John's birthday, he is celebrating his eleventh birthday and his very excited because he invited a lot of friends. His mother baked him his favorite cake and his he received many presents.
- One of his friends bought him a box of chocolate, and the other bought him a pair of sunglasses. After opening the rest of the presents they sang Happy birthday and his mother cut each one of his friends a slice of cake and gave each a can of soda.



ASSIGNMENT ©: MATCH THE PHRASES FROM A TO THE PHRASES IN B

A	В
I. Would you like some more rice?	a. Black, no sugar. Do you have any decaf?
2. Could you pass the salt, please?	b. No, not at all. I got it online. I'll give you the website
3. Can I have some water, please?	c. Do you want to tap or bottled ?
4. Please, Just help yourselves to the dessert.	d. No, Thanks. But could I have another piece of bread.
5. Would anybody like some more ice cream?	e.Yes, of course. Do you want the pepper, too?
6. How do you take your coffee?	f. No, but I'd love some more fruit. Is there any left?
7. This is delicious! Would you mind giving me the recipe?	g. No, of course not. You're not guests!
8. Do you want some help with the dishes?	h.We will. It looks fantastic. Did you make it yourself?