3.10

Time Markers

Words such as 'during' and 'since' are often used to explain the timing of events. But the application of some of these words is restricted to particular tenses. This unit explains and practises their use.

1 How time markers are used

Study the following:

She went on a training course **for** six weeks.

The report must be finished by 12 June.

He has been president **since** 2007.

They are studying in Bristol until March.

The library was opened two years ago.

The hotel is closed **during** the winter.

Before writing, he studied over 100 sources.

He applied in May and was accepted two months **later**.

(with numbers, without start date)

(on or before)

(with present perfect, must specify start date)

(end of a period)

(usually with past)

(with noun)

(often followed by -ing

form; also after)

(often used with

numbers; also earlier)

2 Tenses

Compare the tenses used with the following time markers:

Last year there was an election in Spain. (past - finished event)

In the last year there has been a decline (present perfect – unfinished)

in inflation.

Recently, there has been a sharp rise (present perfect – unfinished)

in Internet use.

Currently, there **is** widespread concern (present – focus on now)

about plagiarism.

3 Practice A

Choose the best alternative in each case.

- (a) Currently/recently she has been researching the life cycle of a Brazilian wasp.
- (b) He worked there until/during he retired.
- (c) Dr Hoffman has lived in Melbourne since/for 16 years.
- (d) Last month/in the last month a new book was published on genetics.
- (e) Applications must be received by/on November 25th.
- (f) Since/during her arrival last May she has reorganised the department.
- (g) <u>During/for</u> the winter most farmers in the region find work in the towns.

4 Practice B

■ Study the schedule for Professor Wang's recent trip and complete the sentences opposite with a suitable word. It is now 16 April.

12 March	Fly London – Barcelona
13-14 March	Conference in Barcelona
15 March	Train Barcelona – Paris
16 March	Lecture visit to Sorbonne
17 March	Fly Paris – Shanghai
18–19 March	Meeting with colleagues
20 March	Fly Shanghai – London

5

6 Practice D

■ Study the details of Napoleon's life, and write a short biography.

1769	Born in Corsica
1784	Entered military school in Paris
1789	French revolution started
1793	Promoted to brigadier general
1796	Appointed to command army of Italy; married Josephine
1799	Returned from Egypt and became First Consul of France
1807	France controlled most of continental Europe
1810	Divorced Josephine and married Marie-Louise, daughter of Austrian emperor
1812	Forced to retreat from Russia
1814	Exiled to island of Elba
1814	Defeated at battle of Waterloo and exiled to island of St Helena
1821	Died in exile

Napoleon

Napoleon entered military school at the age of 15, ...

